

Interim Financial Statements of

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**MATCO FIXED INCOME FUND**

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For the period ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited)

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**NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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Matco Financial Inc, the Manager of the Matco Fixed Income Fund, appoints an independent auditor to audit each Fund's Annual Financial Statements. Canadian securities laws, National Instrument 81-106, requires that if an external auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, this must be disclosed in an accompanying notice.

The Funds' independent auditors have not performed a review of these Interim Financial Statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

"signed"

\_\_\_\_\_  
Jason Vincent  
Director

"signed"

\_\_\_\_\_  
Diana Cuznetova  
Controller



# MATCO FIXED INCOME FUND

Statements of Financial Position (Unaudited)

As at

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
<b>Assets</b>		
Investments, at fair value (Note 5)	\$77,617,982	\$92,862,144
Cash	3,650,870	4,309,738
Interest receivable	311,625	328,889
	81,580,477	97,500,771
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Management fees payable (Note 8)	777	982
Redemptions payable	2,748	-
Other accrued liabilities	29,275	46,584
	32,800	47,566
<b>Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units</b>	<b>\$81,547,677</b>	<b>\$97,453,205</b>
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units		
Series A	\$ -	\$ -
Series F	1,261,572	1,569,521
Series O	80,286,105	95,883,684
Redeemable units outstanding (Note 7)		
Series A	-	-
Series F	142,186	155,336
Series O	9,031,751	9,468,226
Net asset value attributable to holders of redeemable units		
Series A	\$ -	\$ -
Series F	8.87	10.10
Series O	8.89	10.13

On behalf of the Board of Matco Financial Inc., as Manager

“signed” \_\_\_\_\_ Director  
William K. Dickie

“signed” \_\_\_\_\_ Director  
Jason N. Vincent

The accompanying notes are integral to these financial statements.

# MATCO FIXED INCOME FUND

Statement of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)  
For the period ended June 30,

	2022	2021
<b>Income</b>		
Investment income		
Interest for distribution purposes	\$ 944,972	\$ 1,226,107
Dividends	261,519	77,106
Realized gain (loss) on sale of investments	(457,182)	592,678
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	(11,142,808)	(5,566,073)
<b>Total investment income (loss)</b>	<b>(10,393,499)</b>	<b>(3,670,182)</b>
<b>Expenses</b>		
Valuation fees	14,206	14,628
Securityholder reporting costs	13,715	5,998
Audit fees	9,937	7,207
Custody fees	4,877	5,611
Management fees (Note 8)	4,865	6,161
Administrative fees	4,753	4,049
Legal and filing fees	3,853	12,918
HST/GST expense	3,119	3,158
Trustee fees	2,667	2,480
Independent review committee fees and expenses	765	2,033
Transaction costs (Note 6)	400	13,323
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>63,157</b>	<b>77,566</b>
<b>Absorbed operating expenses</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(625)</b>
<b>Net Operating Expense</b>	<b>63,157</b>	<b>76,941</b>
<b>Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units</b>	<b>\$(10,456,656)</b>	<b>\$(3,747,123)</b>
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units		
Series A	\$ -	\$(66)
Series F	(170,922)	(66,525)
Series O	(10,285,734)	(3,680,532)
Weighted average number of redeemable units outstanding		
Series A	-	157
Series F	149,244	172,477
Series O	9,305,390	10,159,104
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit		
Series A	\$ -	\$(0.42)
Series F	(1.15)	(0.39)
Series O	(1.11)	(0.36)

The accompanying notes are integral to these financial statements.

# MATCO FIXED INCOME FUND

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (Unaudited)  
For the period ended June 30,

2022	Series A	Series F	Series O	Total Fund
Net assets, attributable to holders of redeemable units, beginning of period	\$-	\$1,569,521	\$95,883,684	\$97,453,205
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	-	(170,922)	(10,285,734)	(10,456,656)
Redeemable unit transactions:				
Proceeds from redeemable units issued	-	539,578	1,644,571	2,184,149
Reinvestment of distributions to holders of redeemable units	-	14,473	1,224,645	1,239,118
Redemption of redeemable units	-	(676,605)	(6,940,560)	(7,617,165)
<b>Net increase (decrease) from redeemable unit transactions</b>	-	(122,554)	(4,071,344)	(4,193,898)
Distributions to holders of redeemable units:				
From net investment income	-	(14,473)	(1,240,501)	(1,254,974)
Total distributions	-	(14,473)	(1,240,501)	(1,254,974)
<b>Net assets, attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of period</b>	\$-	\$1,261,572	\$80,286,105	\$81,547,677

Redeemable unit transactions	Series A	Series F	Series O
Redeemable units, beginning of period	-	155,336	9,468,226
Issued	-	59,132	177,461
Reinvestment of distributions	-	1,591	134,512
Redeemed	-	(73,873)	(748,448)
<b>Redeemable units, end of period</b>	-	142,186	9,031,751

The accompanying notes are integral to these financial statements.

# MATCO FIXED INCOME FUND

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (Continued)  
For the period ended June 30,

2021	Series A	Series F	Series O	Total Fund
Net assets, attributable to holders of redeemable units, beginning of period	\$1,679	\$1,836,328	\$110,472,812	112,310,819
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	(66)	(66,525)	(3,680,532)	(3,747,123)
Redeemable unit transactions:				
Proceeds from redeemable units issued	-	418,642	5,638,783	6,057,425
Reinvestment of distributions to holders of redeemable units	11	16,871	1,327,338	1,344,220
Redemption of redeemable units	-	(193,133)	(8,213,161)	(8,406,294)
<b>Net increase (decrease) from redeemable unit transactions</b>	11	242,380	(1,247,040)	(1,004,649)
Distributions to holders of redeemable units:				
From net investment income	(11)	(16,871)	(1,329,684)	(1,346,566)
Total distributions	(11)	(16,871)	(1,329,684)	(1,346,566)
<b>Net assets, attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of period</b>	\$1,613	\$1,995,312	\$104,215,556	106,212,481

Redeemable unit transactions	Series A	Series F	Series O
Redeemable units, beginning of period	157	171,905	10,315,843
Issued	-	40,997	545,593
Reinvestment of distributions	1	1,665	130,685
Redeemed	-	(18,689)	(787,429)
Redeemable units, end of period	158	195,878	10,204,692

The accompanying notes are integral to these financial statements.

# MATCO FIXED INCOME FUND

Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)  
For the period ended June 30,

	2022	2021
<b>Cash flow from (used in) operating activities</b>		
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	\$(10,456,656)	\$(3,747,123)
Adjustments for:		
Realized (gain) loss on sale of investments	457,182	(592,678)
Unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments	11,142,808	5,566,073
Proceeds from sale of investments	7,222,972	34,912,842
Purchase of investments	(3,578,800)	(31,871,117)
(Increase) decrease in interest receivable	17,264	93,197
Increase (decrease) in management fees payable	(205)	(52)
Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities	(17,309)	(13,300)
	4,787,256	4,347,842
<b>Cash flow from (used in) financing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from issue of redeemable units	2,184,149	5,967,998
Payments on redemption of redeemable units	(7,614,417)	(8,065,212)
Distribution paid, net of reinvestments	(15,856)	(2,346)
	(5,446,124)	(2,099,560)
Net (decrease) increase in cash	(658,868)	2,248,282
Cash, beginning of period	4,309,738	1,456,518
<b>Cash, end of period</b>	<b>\$3,650,870</b>	<b>\$3,704,800</b>
<b>Supplementary Information:</b>		
<b>Interest received*</b>	<b>\$962,236</b>	<b>\$1,319,304</b>

\* From operating activities.

The accompanying notes are integral to these financial statements.

# MATCO FIXED INCOME FUND

Schedule of Investment Portfolio (Unaudited)

As at June 30, 2022

Description	Number of units/ Par value	Average Cost (\$)	Fair value (\$)
Bonds (81.0%)			
Provincial Bonds (13.7%):			
Province of Alberta Canada - 3.450% Dec 01/43	4,250,000	\$4,607,335	\$3,811,632
Province of British Columbia Canada - 2.550% Jun 18/27	1,830,000	2,000,190	1,747,084
Province of Manitoba Canada - 3.250% Sep 05/29	2,189,000	2,248,453	2,106,007
Province of Ontario Canada - 3.450% Jun 02/45	2,501,000	2,612,182	2,210,739
Province of Quebec Canada - 2.750% Sep 01/27	1,360,000	1,430,911	1,307,964
<b>Total Provincial Bonds</b>		<b>12,899,071</b>	<b>11,183,426</b>
Corporate Bonds (35.3%):			
407 International Inc. - 6.470% Jul 27/29	1,125,000	1,491,368	1,251,299
Bank of Montreal - 2.370% Feb 03/25	3,295,000	3,301,590	3,132,711
Bank of Montreal - 3.190% Mar 01/28	1,795,000	2,043,608	1,689,992
Bank of Nova Scotia - 1.400% Nov 01/27	3,015,000	2,986,358	2,545,795
Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce - 1.100% Jan 19/26	1,985,000	1,988,474	1,762,500
Granite REIT Holdings LP - 3.062% Jun 04/27	2,775,000	3,027,803	2,555,430
Hydro One Inc. - 2.160% Feb 28/30	1,450,000	1,422,668	1,238,604
Hydro One Inc. - 5.360% May 20/36	4,105,000	5,529,887	4,310,250
Royal Bank of Canada - 2.328% Jan 28/27	3,330,000	3,265,431	3,016,232
Suncor Energy Inc. - 5.000% Apr 09/30	830,000	1,000,980	822,164
The Toronto-Dominion Bank - 1.888% Mar 08/28	4,890,000	4,924,230	4,198,545
The Toronto-Dominion Bank - 3.105% Apr 22/30	2,315,000	2,470,105	2,209,503
<b>Total Corporate Bonds</b>		<b>33,452,502</b>	<b>28,733,025</b>
Federal Bonds (32.0%):			
Canada Housing Trust No 1 - 0.378% Sep 15/23	3,330,000	3,345,318	3,337,145
Canada Housing Trust No 1 - 0.388% Mar 15/24	3,805,000	3,825,737	3,817,083
Canada Housing Trust No 1 - 0.488% Sep 15/24	3,795,000	3,821,375	3,810,707
Canada Housing Trust No 1 - 1.750% Jun 15/30	6,575,000	6,873,538	5,733,573
Canadian Government Bond - 3.500% Dec 01/45	5,420,000	7,644,337	5,675,943
Canadian Government Bond - 2.750% Dec 01/48	4,000,000	3,578,800	3,698,645
<b>Total Federal Bonds</b>		<b>29,089,105</b>	<b>26,073,096</b>
<b>Total Bonds</b>		<b>75,440,678</b>	<b>65,989,547</b>
Equities (14.2%)			
Financials (14.2%)			
Banks			
Bank of Montreal, 4%, Preferred share, Series 27	78,300	1,840,047	1,737,477
National Bank of Canada, 3.9%, Preferred share, Series 32	78,700	1,903,910	1,651,913
Royal Bank of Canada, 3.6%, Preferred share, Series BD	77,000	1,869,183	1,663,200
The Toronto-Dominion Bank, 3.9%, Preferred share, Series 1	78,700	1,812,461	1,659,783
The Toronto-Dominion Bank, 4.75%, Preferred share, Series 20	75,700	1,847,935	1,806,202
		<b>9,273,536</b>	<b>8,518,575</b>

The accompanying notes are integral to these financial statements.



## MATCO FIXED INCOME FUND

Schedule of Investment Portfolio (continued)

(unaudited)

As at June 30, 2022

Description	Number of units/ Par value	Average Cost (\$)	Fair value (\$)
Insurance:			
Manulife Financial Corp., Class 1, 3.8%, Preferred share, Series 19	79,700	1,926,340	1,523,067
Manulife Financial Corp., 3.9%, Preferred share, Series 17	79,300	1,846,715	1,586,793
		3,773,055	3,109,860
Total Financials		13,046,591	11,628,435
Total Equities		13,046,591	11,628,435
Transaction cost		(16,422)	
Total Investments		88,470,847	77,617,982
Cash (4.4%)			3,650,870
Other Net Asset (liabilities) (0.3%)			278,825
<b>Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (100%)</b>			<b>\$81,547,677</b>

The accompanying notes are integral to these financial statements.

# MATCO FIXED INCOME FUND

Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)  
For the period ended June 30, 2022

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## A. REPORTING ENTITY (Note 1)

The Matco Fixed Income Fund (the “Fixed Income Fund”) was established by way of a Declaration of Trust under the laws of Alberta on June 23, 2017 and commenced operations on September 20, 2017.

## B. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (Note 5)

The Fixed Income Fund may be exposed to a variety of financial instrument risks. The risk exposure of the Fixed Income Fund is detailed as follows:

### Financial instrument risk

The Fixed Income Fund’s investment objective is to provide an optimal level of income with some potential for capital appreciation while preserving capital by investing primarily in Canadian dollar denominated investment grade debt instruments. Financial risk within the Fund is mitigated by diversifying its assets and investments across issuers, sectors, credit ratings and terms.

### Currency risk

The Fixed Income Fund does not have direct exposure to foreign currency through its investment portfolio or other net assets as at June 30, 2022 or December 31, 2021.

### Interest rate risk

The Fixed Income Fund is exposed to interest rate risk through its cash and interest-bearing investments.

The table below summarizes the Fixed Income Fund’s exposure to interest rate risks, categorized by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

	<1 Year	1-5 Years	>5 Years	Total
As at June 30, 2022	\$ 3,650,870	\$ 23,178,893	\$ 42,810,654	\$ 69,640,416
As at December 31, 2021	\$ 4,311,738	\$ 16,256,728	\$ 63,142,673	\$ 83,711,139

If the prevailing interest rate had been raised or lowered by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in yield curve, with all other factors remaining constant, net assets for the Fixed Income Fund could possibly have decreased or increased, respectively, by approximately \$5,054,923 (December 31, 2021 - \$6,207,769). The Fixed Income Fund’s interest rate sensitivity was determined based on portfolio weighted duration. In practice, actual results will differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

### Other price risk

The Fixed Income Fund does not have significant exposure to price risk as its investment portfolio is comprised of debt instruments.

# MATCO FIXED INCOME FUND

Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)  
For the period ended June 30, 2022

## B. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (Note 5) (Continued)

### Credit risk

The Fixed Income Fund was invested in debt securities with the following credit quality, expressed as a percentage of net assets at each period end on the basis of Standard & Poor's, Moody's, or an equivalent ratings scale.

Credit Rating	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
AAA/Aaa	32.0%	25.5%
AA/Aa	5.8%	5.4%
A/A	39.0%	43.6%
BBB/Bbb	16.4%	18.8%
BB/Bb	2.0%	2.0%
Total	95.2%	95.3%

### Liquidity risk

The Fixed Income Fund's financial liabilities are not significant and are due within one year. The Fixed Income Fund had no significant exposure to liquidity risk as at June 30, 2022 or December 31, 2021.

### Concentration risk

The Fixed Income Fund is exposed to concentration risk through its portfolio investments held in Canadian bonds at June 30, 2022 or December 31, 2021.

### Fair value hierarchy

The following is a summary of financial instruments measured at fair value as at the reporting date by the levels in the fair value hierarchy:

	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
<b>June 30, 2022</b>				
Bonds	\$ -	\$65,989,547	\$-	\$65,989,547
Equities	\$11,628,435	\$ -	\$-	\$11,628,435
<b>December 31, 2021</b>				
Bonds	\$ -	\$79,399,401	\$-	\$79,399,401
Equities	\$13,462,743	\$ -	\$-	\$13,462,743

There were no transfers between levels during the periods ended June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

# MATCO FIXED INCOME FUND

Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)  
For the period ended June 30, 2022

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## C. MANAGEMENT FEES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Note 8)

The annual management fee rates, exclusive of sales taxes, are 1.20%, 0.70% and 0.35%, as a percentage of net asset value, for Series A, F and N, respectively. No management fees are charged directly to Series O. Management fees are calculated daily and paid monthly.

During the period ended June 30, 2022, management fees totaled \$4,865 (June 30, 2021 - \$6,161). Included in liabilities at June 30, 2022 is \$777 (December 31, 2021 - \$982) in respect of these fees.



# MATCO MUTUAL FUNDS

Generic Notes to Financial Statements  
For the period ended June 30, 2022

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## 1. REPORTING ENTITIES

Matco Balanced Fund, Matco Fixed Income Fund, Matco Canadian Equity Income Fund, Matco Small Cap Fund and Matco Global Equity Fund are trusts, established under the laws of Alberta (each a “Trust” and collectively “Trusts” or “Trust Funds”). Matco Balanced Fund was established by a Master Trust Agreement on June 29, 2007, as amended June 23, 2017 to establish and include the Matco Fixed Income Fund, and as amended May 21, 2019 to establish and include the Matco Canadian Equity Fund, the Matco Small Cap Fund, and the Matco Global Equity Fund.

Matco Funds Corp. (the “Corporation”) was originally incorporated on May 17, 2007 under the Business Corporations Act (Alberta) and changed its name from MFi Funds Corp. on August 12, 2012 pursuant to filing articles of amendment. The Corporation consisted of the Matco Canadian Equity Class, Matco Small Cap Class and Matco Global Equity Class (collectively the “Corporate Class Funds”), each of which is a class of shares of the Corporation.

On August 9, 2019, the Corporate Class Funds were reorganized into separate Mutual Fund Trusts through a tax deferred conversion whereby each Corporate Class Fund sold their portfolio of securities to the equivalent Trust Fund in exchange for units of each Trust. Shareholders of each Corporate Class Fund then exchanged their shares for units of the applicable Trust Fund. The Matco Canadian Equity Class, Matco Small Cap Class, and Matco Global Equity Class (the “Terminating Funds”) reorganized into the Matco Canadian Equity Income Fund, Matco Small Cap Fund, and Matco Global Equity Fund (the “Continuing Funds”), respectively. Ownership of these funds did not change as a result of the reorganization. Results of these Funds are reported on a continuous basis.

The Corporate Class Funds and Trust Funds are each a “Fund” and are collectively “Funds”.

The Funds’ principal place of business is Suite 350, 440 - 2nd Ave SW Calgary, Alberta. Matco Financial Inc. (“Matco”) is a corporation established under the Business Corporations Act (Alberta) and is the Manager and Portfolio Manager (“Manager”) of the Funds.

RBC Investor Services Trust (“RBC IS”) is the trustee of the Trusts, as well as custodian and record keeping agent to the Funds.

The Funds have multiple series of redeemable units as applicable for a Corporate Class Fund or Trust Fund. Series F and O may be issued in unlimited number out of each Fund. See Note 7.

## 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as published by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on August 22, 2022.

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the Funds.

# MATCO MUTUAL FUNDS

Generic Notes to Financial Statements  
For the period ended June 30, 2022

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## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies set out below have been consistently applied to all periods presented in these financial statements.

### a) Financial instruments

Financial instruments include financial assets and financial liabilities such as debt and equity securities, investments in funds, cash, and other receivables and payables.

#### i. Classification

Financial instruments are classified and measured in the categories of: fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVOCI”), and amortized cost. To determine the appropriate classification and measurement category, an entity must consider the business model for managing financial instruments and the contractual cash flow characteristics associated with the financial instruments. The Funds’ business models are one in which investments in equity and fixed income securities are managed with the objective of realizing cash flows primarily through the sale of assets. Decisions are made on the basis of, and to realize the fair value of these assets.

Financial assets and liabilities are measured through FVOCI if they are held for the purpose of collecting contractual assets and selling financial assets, and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Funds classify and measure financial assets and financial liabilities into the following categories.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

- Equity and equity-based securities, fixed income securities, and derivative instruments

Financial assets at amortized cost:

- Cash, dividends receivable, interest receivable, subscriptions receivable, other receivables, due from broker

Financial liabilities at amortized cost:

- Management fee payable, redemptions payable and other accrued liabilities

The Funds classify all debt (fixed income) and equity investments and derivative instruments at FVTPL on initial recognition as they manage these securities on a fair value basis in accordance with their documented investment strategies. Internal reporting and performance management of investments and the Funds is on a fair value basis and the Manager receives management fees on the basis of the fair values of the Funds.

The Funds classify financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments. The Funds have multiple classes of redeemable units that are equally subordinate but do not have identical features and therefore, do not qualify as equity under IAS 32, Financial Instruments. The redeemable units, which are classified as financial liabilities and measured at redemption amount, provide investors with the right to require redemption, subject to available liquidity, for cash at a share or unit price based on the Fund’s valuation policies at each redemption date. The units represent the residual interest in the Fund’s net assets and are classified as financial liabilities. There are no differences between net asset value for accounting purposes and transaction purposes.

# MATCO MUTUAL FUNDS

Generic Notes to Financial Statements  
For the period ended June 30, 2022

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ii. Recognition and initial measurement

All financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized in the Statement of Financial Position of a Fund, when it becomes a party to the contractual requirements of the instrument.

Equity and fixed income securities are initially recognized on the trade date, which is the date on which the Fund becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are initially recognized at fair value, with transaction costs recognized in profit or loss. Financial assets and financial liabilities not at FVTPL are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue and subsequently measured at amortized cost.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows or the benefits and rewards of ownership have expired or been substantially transferred.

iii. Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Fund has access at that date.

When available, the Fund measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as “active” if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The Fund measures instruments quoted in an active market at the last trade price.

If there is no quoted price in an active market, the Fund uses valuation techniques that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

There is no difference between the net asset value (“NAV”) used for pricing and NAV calculated for accounting purposes.

iv. Amortized cost measurement

The amortized cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition, minus principal payments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount recognized and the maturity amount, minus any reduction for impairment.

v. Impairment

A loss allowance for expected credit losses is measured on financial assets which are measured at amortized cost or FVOCI.

In determining any expected credit loss on financial assets which are measured at amortized cost or FVOCI, the Funds consider both historical analysis and forward-looking information. As at the financial statement date, all financial assets measured at amortized cost or FVOCI are due to be settled within the short term. The Funds consider the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low frequency of default and the counterparties are expected to have the capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. Given the limited exposure of the Funds to credit risk, no loss allowance has been recognized as any such impairment will not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

# MATCO MUTUAL FUNDS

Generic Notes to Financial Statements  
For the period ended June 30, 2022

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## b) Cash

Cash is comprised of deposits with banks and custodians.

## c) Investments in unconsolidated structured entities

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements (“IFRS 10”), generally requires that other entities over which there is control or significant influence, such as subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, be consolidated into the results of a Fund. Where the Funds have been determined to meet the criteria to be defined as “investment entities” in accordance with IFRS 10, any investments in subsidiaries, other than those which provide services to the Funds, are accounted for with other debt and equity instruments through FVTPL.

Certain Funds invest in underlying funds or exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”) which meet the definition of structured entities. These investments are subject to the terms and conditions of the respective instruments, including costs and redemptions.

A Fund’s maximum exposure to potential loss arising from investments in structured products is equal to the fair value of their investments as detailed in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio for each Fund.

## d) Foreign currency translation:

Foreign currency amounts are translated into the Funds’ functional currency and expressed in Canadian dollars on the following basis:

- i. Market value of investments, other assets and liabilities at the rate of exchange prevailing at the period end date.
- ii. Value of investment transactions, income and expenses at the rates prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) on completed transactions are included in, and reported with, the value of the gain or loss in respect of such transaction on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

## e) Revenue recognition

- i. Interest recognized in profit or loss represents the coupon interest received by the Fund accounted for on an accrual basis. Interest income received from underlying funds is recorded on the ex-distribution date and allocated between income, capital gains and return of capital when the information necessary for such an allocation becomes available.
- ii. Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the right to receive payment is established. For quoted equity securities, this is usually the ex-dividend date. For unquoted equity securities, this is usually the date on which the shareholders approve the payment of a dividend. Dividend income may also include distributions from underlying funds or other structured products, the nature of which is expected to be dividend income. The actual classification for tax purposes may vary on obtaining actual annual allocation information.
- iii. Realized gains and losses on investments and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of investments are calculated with reference to the average cost of the related investments.
- iv. Securities lending and other income is recognized when earned.

## f) Transaction costs:

Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of an investment, which include fees and commission paid to agents, advisors, brokers and dealers, levies



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by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties. Transaction costs are expensed and are included in “Transaction costs” in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

**g) Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities**

Financial instruments are presented at their gross amounts on the Statements of Financial Position unless there is a legal enforceable right and intent to offset and settle such instruments on a net basis. In such circumstances, instruments may be reported on a net basis on the Statements of Financial Position.

**h) Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit and Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit.**

Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit represents the net asset value for each series divided by the number of outstanding units of that series outstanding during the year or period. The increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit in the statement of comprehensive income represents the increase (decrease) in net assets from operations attributable to each series for the year or period, divided by the weighted average number of outstanding units of that series during the year or period. The weighted average number of units outstanding is calculated from the commencement of operations for series beginning during a year or period. Each Fund pays its own operating costs. Each series is then allocated its specific costs for management fees or other series specific costs. All other operating costs are allocated pro-rata based on the closing net asset value of each series on a daily basis.

**i) Income taxes**

The Corporation qualifies as a mutual fund corporation under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and the Alberta Corporate Tax Act. The Corporation is taxed as a single entity. As a result, net income or realized gains of one Corporate Class Fund may be reduced by losses in another.

Taxable dividends received from taxable Canadian corporations are subject to taxes at a rate of 38 1/3%. Such taxes are fully refundable upon payment of sufficient taxable dividends to shareholders on a basis of \$1.15 for every \$3 of dividends paid.

Interest and foreign dividends received, less applicable expenses, are taxed at Federal and Provincial corporate rates less applicable credits for any foreign taxes paid. An excess of interest and foreign dividends over expenses paid may result in income tax expense incurred by some or all of the Corporate Class Funds.

Part I tax on taxable capital gains is generally refundable to the extent that it is distributed to shareholders by way of a capital gains dividend, or through redemption of units.

The Trust Funds each qualify as mutual fund trusts under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, are not taxed on that portion of their taxable income that is paid or allocated to holders of redeemable units. The Trust Funds pay out sufficient net income and net realized capital gains so that they will not be subject to income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these financial statements.

Certain dividend and interest income received by the Funds is subject to withholding tax imposed in the country of origin. During the period the average withholding tax rate was 15%.

Temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts may be either taxable or deductible. Taxable temporary differences give rise to deferred tax liabilities and deductible temporary differences give rise to deferred income tax assets. When the fair value of investments is greater than the related tax basis, a deferred income tax liability arises and the deferred tax liability is offset by refundable taxes generated by future payments of capital gains dividends. When the fair value of investments is less than the related tax basis, a deferred income tax asset arises and due

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to the uncertainty of such deferred income tax assets ultimately being realized, the temporary differences are not recognized. Any unused capital and non-capital losses represent deferred tax assets to the Corporation for which the temporary differences are not recognized as it is uncertain if they will be realized in the future.

Income that would give rise to current income tax liabilities is distributed out to shareholders of each of the Trust Funds.

## j) Mergers and acquisitions

The Funds apply the acquisition method of accounting for the merger of Funds. Under this method, the acquiring Fund is identified on the basis of the total NAV of the Continuing Fund and the Terminating Fund as well as consideration of the key aspects of the Continuing Fund such as portfolio holdings, investment objectives and strategies.

Funds may acquire assets of other Funds in exchange for securities.

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the Manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. These estimates are based upon information available as at the date of issuance of the financial statements. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively. The following discusses the most significant accounting judgements that have been made in preparing the Funds' financial statements.

### a) Investment entities

To determine that the Funds qualify as investment entities in accordance with IFRS 10, the Manager has made certain assumptions including assessing the business purpose of the Funds to invest for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both, and that performance is measured and evaluated on a fair value basis. As a result, the Funds do not consolidate their investments in subsidiaries or structured entities but measure these at FVTPL.

### b) Fair value measurement of financial instruments not quoted in an active market

The Funds may hold financial instruments where fair values are not quoted in an active market. Valuation of such instruments requires the use of judgements and estimates by the Manager. The Manager uses valuation techniques as outlined in Note 3 using all available data on the individual instrument and market conditions at the date of the financial statements. Changes in these assumptions and conditions could result in changes to the reported fair value of these financial instruments.

### c) COVID-19

The COVID-19 virus continues to have ongoing impacts on the markets in which the Funds operate. Sectors in several countries most heavily impacted by COVID-19 since its outset continue to operate below pre-pandemic levels giving rise to elevated uncertainties. The Funds have utilized estimates, assumptions and judgments that reflect this uncertainty. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively.

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## 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS

### a) Risk Management

The Funds are exposed to a variety of risks through their activities and financial instruments. These risks include: market risk (including: currency risk, interest rate risk, and other price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and concentration risk. The Manager and portfolio managers minimize negative consequences of these risks by continuous monitoring of the portfolios, market conditions and events relevant to each portfolio. The Manager also maintains various internal oversight and investment committees to provide additional oversight of investments and portfolio management in line with strategies and applicable regulations.

### b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Funds are exposed to market risk primarily through their investment portfolios. The investments of the Funds are subject to normal market fluctuations and the risks inherent in investment in financial markets. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments held by the Funds is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments. The Manager moderates this risk through a careful selection of securities within specified limits and the Fund's market price-risk is managed through diversification of the investment portfolio. The Investment Manager monitors the Fund's overall market positions on a daily basis and positions are maintained within established ranges.

### c) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments denominated in currencies other than the functional currency, will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Funds are exposed to currency risk through their holdings of assets and liabilities, including cash, short-term investments, debt and equity instruments that are denominated in currencies other than the Canadian Dollar, the functional currency.

### d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will affect the future cash flows or fair values of interest bearing investments. The Funds may be exposed to interest rate risk through holdings of cash and fixed income securities.

### e) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows arising from a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than from interest rate risk or currency risk). Changes in market prices may result from factors specific to a security, its issuer, the type of instrument, the general market or market segment of a security or securities. The Funds are generally exposed to other price risk through holdings of equity instruments or underlying funds.

### f) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Funds.

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Funds to a concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash, short-term investments, and interest bearing investments. The Funds limit their exposure to credit loss by placing their cash and short-term investments with high credit quality government and financial institutions. To maximize the credit quality of its investments, the Manager performs ongoing credit evaluations based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of investments, historical trends and other information.

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All transactions in listed securities are settled upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.

## **g) Liquidity risk**

The Funds are exposed to liquidity risk through daily cash redemptions of units. The Funds' investments are primarily in active markets and are therefore considered readily realizable and highly liquid, minimizing this risk. Additionally, the Funds aim to have sufficient cash on hand to discharge liabilities as they become due.

The Funds may, from time to time, invest in securities that are not traded in an active market or become illiquid. Investments in such positions are kept to a minimum to ensure adequate liquidity to settle upcoming liabilities and potential redemptions.

## **h) Concentration risk**

Concentration risk arises from a concentration of exposures to financial instruments with the same underlying characteristics whether: geographic, asset type, sector or counterparty.

## **i) Capital risk management**

The units outstanding represent the capital of a Fund. Capital is redeemable at the option of unitholders, respectively. The Manager has internal policies and procedures in place to monitor each Fund's capital in accordance with its objectives and strategies, to manage the outlined risks and maintain distributions as per the most recent Simplified Prospectus for the Funds or additionally per the Amended and Restated Trust Agreement for the Trust Funds. The Funds do not have specific capital requirements other than minimum subscription requirements.

## **j) Fair value hierarchy**

A three-tier hierarchy is used as a framework for disclosing fair value based on inputs used to value the Fund's investments in accordance with IFRS 13 Fair value measurement with the highest priority given to unadjusted quoted prices and the lowest priority given to unobservable inputs. The hierarchy of inputs is summarized below:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments;
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for instruments, either directly (i.e., as price) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data; and
- Level 3: Inputs for the instruments that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). This category includes all instruments for which the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on the quoted prices for similar instruments but of which significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into or out of an investment's assigned level. The Fund recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period during which the change occurred.

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The carrying values of other financial instruments including: cash, interest receivable, dividends receivable, subscriptions receivable, other receivables, management fees payable, redemptions payable, and other accrued liabilities, approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

For financial instruments that trade infrequently and have little price transparency, fair value may be less objective and require varying degrees of judgement depending on liquidity, uncertainty of market factors, pricing assumptions and other risks affecting the specific instrument. The Manager has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This framework includes a portfolio valuation function, which is independent of front office management.

## 6. TRANSACTION COSTS

Transaction costs include brokerage commissions and other portfolio transaction costs incurred to acquire, issue or dispose of financial assets or liabilities. These costs are costs of operations and are included as an expense in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Commissions may be paid to brokerage firms for order execution or to cover the cost of certain investment research, analysis or related goods or services provided to the Manager for the purpose of portfolio management of the Funds.

## 7. REDEEMABLE UNITS

The Funds may issue an unlimited number of units of each series.

The authorized capital of each Fund consists of an unlimited number of redeemable units, each representing an equal undivided interest in the net assets of the Fund. Currently, there are two series outstanding, Series F and Series O. Each series ranks equally with respect to dividends, distributions, and return of capital in the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding up based on their respective series' net asset values. Each series pays its own fees and expenses. The general expenses that are not series specific are allocated in proportion to the weighted average units of each series for a year or period.

Series A are available to all investors and sold under the front-end sales charge option. A commission of up to 6% may be paid by the investor to the dealer.

Series O are sold without commission and are available to certain investors at the Manager's discretion. If investors cease to be eligible for Series O they may be switched to Series F or Series A, as applicable to their situation.

A 2% redemption fee may be charged if the units are redeemed in the first 90 days. A switch fee of up to 2% may be payable upon an exchange of redeemable units within 90 days of original purchase.

The attributes attached to the redeemable units are as follows:

The units may be redeemed daily at the net asset value per share of the respective series;

Redeemable units have no voting rights except as required by applicable securities regulations in relation to changes impacting the nature of a Fund or series of units such as: fees, investments objectives, restructuring or change in manager; and

The holders of redeemable units are entitled to receive all dividends declared by the Funds. Each series will rank equally with respect to the distributions based on their respective series net asset values.

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## 8. MANAGEMENT FEES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Manager earns management fees in exchange for the provision of: portfolio management, general management, and administrative services to the Funds and is therefore a related party.

All fees and expenses applicable to the administration and operation of each Fund, including but not limited to: recordkeeping and communication costs, custodian fees, legal and filing fees, audit, trustee, Investment Review Committee (“IRC”) fees and expenses, applicable sales and income taxes, and bank charges are payable by each Fund.

The Manager may, at its discretion and from time to time, waive some or all of its management fee, or pay for or absorb expenses of a Fund or series during a financial period. The Manager may discontinue such waiver or absorption without notice.

## 9. SECURITIES LENDING

The Funds have entered into a securities lending program with its custodian, RBC IS, in order to earn additional revenue. The aggregate market value of all securities loaned by a Fund will not exceed 50% of the fair value of the assets of the Fund. The Fund will receive collateral of at least 102% of the fair value of the securities on loan. Collateral held is generally comprised of cash and securities of, or guaranteed by, the Government of Canada or a province thereof. Securities lending income reported in the Statements of Comprehensive Income is net of a securities lending charge which the Fund’s custodian, RBC IS, is entitled to receive.